# UNITED NATIONS



International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law

International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the former Yugoslavia since 1991 Case No. IT-04-75-T

Date: 26 September 2014

Original: English

## **IN THE TRIAL CHAMBER**

Before: Judge Guy Delvoie, Presiding

**Judge Burton Hall** 

Judge Antoine Kesia-Mbe Mindua

Registrar: Mr. John Hocking

Decision: 26 September 2014

**PROSECUTOR** 

v.

## GORAN HADŽIĆ

## **PUBLIC**

DECISION ON DEFENCE MOTION FOR ADMISSION OF EVIDENCE OF DGH-098 PURSUANT TO RULE 92 TER

## **The Office of the Prosecutor:**

Mr. Douglas Stringer

## Counsel for Goran Hadžić:

Mr. Zoran Živanović Mr. Christopher Gosnell 1. **THIS TRIAL CHAMBER** of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the former Yugoslavia since 1991 ("Tribunal") is seised of the "Defence Motion for Admission of Evidence of Radoslav Zlatić (DGH-098) Pursuant to Rule 92 *ter*", filed on 26 August 2014 ("Motion"). The "Prosecution Response to Motion for Admission of Evidence of DGH-098 Pursuant to Rule 92 *ter*" was filed on 10 September 2014 ("Response"). The Defence did not file a reply.

#### A. Submissions

- 2. In the Motion, the Defence requests the admission of DGH-098's prior testimony in the case of *Prosecutor v. Dokmanović* ("*Dokmanović* case")<sup>1</sup> and its associated exhibit, DGH-098's prior witness statement admitted in the *Dokmanović* case,<sup>2</sup> pursuant to Rule 92 *ter* of the Tribunal's Rules of Procedure and Evidence ("Rules"), subject to the witness's in court affirmation.<sup>3</sup> The Defence submits that DGH-098's prior testimony is relevant and probative.<sup>4</sup> The Defence further submits that its admission under Rule 92 *ter* of the Rules will promote "the expeditious conduct of proceedings", as the content of DGH-098's evidence could not be adduced within the 1.5 hours designated for his direct examination.<sup>5</sup>
- 3. The Prosecution responds that it does not object to the admission of DGH-098's prior testimony and its associated exhibit, Rule 65 *ter* numbers 1D03153 and 1D03152, subject to compliance with the conditions contained in Rule 92 *ter* when DGH-098 is present in court.<sup>6</sup>

### B. Applicable Law

- 4. Rule 92 *ter* of the Rules provides:
  - (A) A Trial Chamber may admit, in whole or in part, the evidence of a witness in the form of a written statement or transcript of evidence given by a witness in proceedings before the Tribunal, under the following conditions:
    - (i) the witness is present in court;
    - $(ii)\ the\ witness\ is\ available\ for\ cross-examination\ and\ any\ questioning\ by\ the\ Judges;\ and$
    - (iii) the witness attests that the written statement or transcript accurately reflects that witness' declaration and what the witness would say if examined.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Rule 65 ter number 1D03153.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Rule 65 *ter* number 1D03152.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Motion, paras 1, 8.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Motion, paras 5-6.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Motion, para. 7.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Response, para. 1.

- (B) Evidence admitted under paragraph (A) may include evidence that goes to proof of the acts and conduct of the accused as charged in the indictment.
- 5. The main objective of Rule 92 ter of the Rules is to ensure an effective and expeditious trial in accordance with the rights of the accused. The jurisprudence of the Tribunal has also applied the Rule as permitting, by necessary inference, the admission of exhibits where they accompany written statements or transcripts and form an "inseparable and indispensable" part of the written evidence.8 In order to satisfy this requirement, the document must be one without which the witness's testimony would become incomprehensible or of lesser probative value. Moreover, the evidence sought to be admitted, whether a written statement or a transcript of oral testimony, must fulfil the general requirements of admissibility of Rule 89(C) of the Rules—the proposed evidence must be relevant and have probative value. 10

### C. Discussion

6. DGH-098's proposed evidence contains information about, inter alia, (a) events that took place on 20 November 1991 in Vukovar, including the meeting at Velepromet;<sup>11</sup> (b) problems members of the SBWS Government encountered when leaving Velepromet;<sup>12</sup> and (c) the connection, if any, between the SBWS Government and Arkan's Men. 13 The Chamber finds that the tendered associated exhibit, DGH-098's prior statement admitted in the Dokmanović case and referred to during his testimony in that case, <sup>14</sup> forms an inseparable and indispensable part of DGH-098's evidence. The Trial Chamber accordingly considers that the proposed evidence is appropriate to be admitted in written form and finds that the tendered evidence is relevant, has probative value, and is appropriate for admission pursuant to Rules 89(C) and 92 ter of the Rules.

### D. <u>Disposition</u>

Accordingly, the Trial Chamber, pursuant to Rules 54, 89(C), and 92 ter of the Rules, 7. hereby:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Prosecutor v. Prlić et al., Case No. IT-04-74-T, Decision on the Application of Rule 92 ter of the Rules, 3 July 2007, p. 2; Prosecutor v. Popović et al., Case No. IT-05-88-T, Decision on Motion to Convert Viva Voce Witnesses to Rule 92 ter Witnesses, 31 May 2007, p. 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Prosecutor v. Đorđević, Case No. IT-05-87/1-T, Decision on Vlastimir Đorđević's Motions for Admission of Evidence Pursuant to ICTY Rule 92ter, 22 January 2010 ("Dordević Decision"), para. 7; Prosecutor v. Lukić and Lukić, Case No. IT-98-32/1-T, Decision on Confidential Prosecution Motion for the Admission of Prior Testimony with Associated Exhibits and Written Statements of Witnesses Pursuant to Rule 92 ter, 9 July 2008 ("Lukić and Lukić Decision"), para. 15; Prosecutor v. Stanišić and Simatović, Case No. IT-03-69-T, Decision on Prosecution's Motion for the Admission of Written Evidence of Witness Slobodan Lazarević Pursuant to Rule 92 ter with Confidential Annex, 16 May 2008 ("Stanišić and Simatović Decision"), para. 19.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> *Dordević* Decision, para. 7; *Lukić and Lukić* Decision, para. 15; *Stanišić and Simatović* Decision, para. 19.

<sup>10</sup> Dordević Decision, para. 5; Lukić and Lukić Decision, paras 15-16.

<sup>11</sup> Rule 65 ter number 1D03153, pp. 3217-3220, 3224-3228, 3233-3234; Rule 65 ter number 1D03152, pp. 2-3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Rule 65 *ter* number 1D03153, pp. 3228-3231; Rule 65 *ter* number 1D03152, pp. 2-3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Rule 65 *ter* number 1D03153, pp. 3232-3233.

- (a) **DECIDES** that DGH-098's prior testimony and its associated exhibit, Rule 65 *ter* numbers 1D03153 and 1D03152, respectively, are appropriate for admission into evidence; and
- (b) **INFORMS** the parties that the Trial Chamber will make a final decision on whether to admit the evidence of DGH-098, if the conditions set forth in Rule 92 *ter* of the Rules have been fulfilled, when the witness gives evidence in these proceedings.

Done in English and French, the English text being authoritative.

Done this twenty-sixth day of September 2014, At The Hague,

The Netherlands.

Judge Guy Delvoie

26 September 2014

Presiding

[Seal of the Tribunal]

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Rule 65 *ter* number 1D03153, p. 3215.